The article describes a modified application of a communication assessment for persons with traumatic brain injuries (TBI). Typically, the questionnaire is completed retrospectively to judge perceived incidence of problematic communication behaviors. A questionnaire is completed by the person with a TBI, his or her close partner (e.g., spouse, parent) and/or a clinician (e.g., speech language pathologist, occupational therapist, neuropsychologist). Out-of-context judgments often lead to retrospective biases, which often affect ratings negatively. The modified assessment is completed with direct video review of a conversational interaction. The modified approach yields greater consensus, which may help facilitate more effective collaborative communication interventions.